Collection and Preprocessing of Czech Sign Language Corpus for Sign Language Recognition

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1 Corpus

Czech Sign Language corpus UWB-07-SLR-P for training and testing of SLR systems

Content

- ▶ 378 signs from Czech Sign Language
 - ▶ 35 numbers
 - ▶ 19 day and month names
 - ► 64 finger alphabet (one- and two-handed)
 - ► 35 town names
 - ▶ 225 other signs (most frequent words from spoken train information service dialogues)
- ▶ 4 signers (4 women, 2 deaf)
- ▶ 5 repetitions of each sign
- laboratory lighting and clothing conditions
- ► two different perspectives capturing whole body, allowing 3D tracking
- ▶ third camera captures the head only

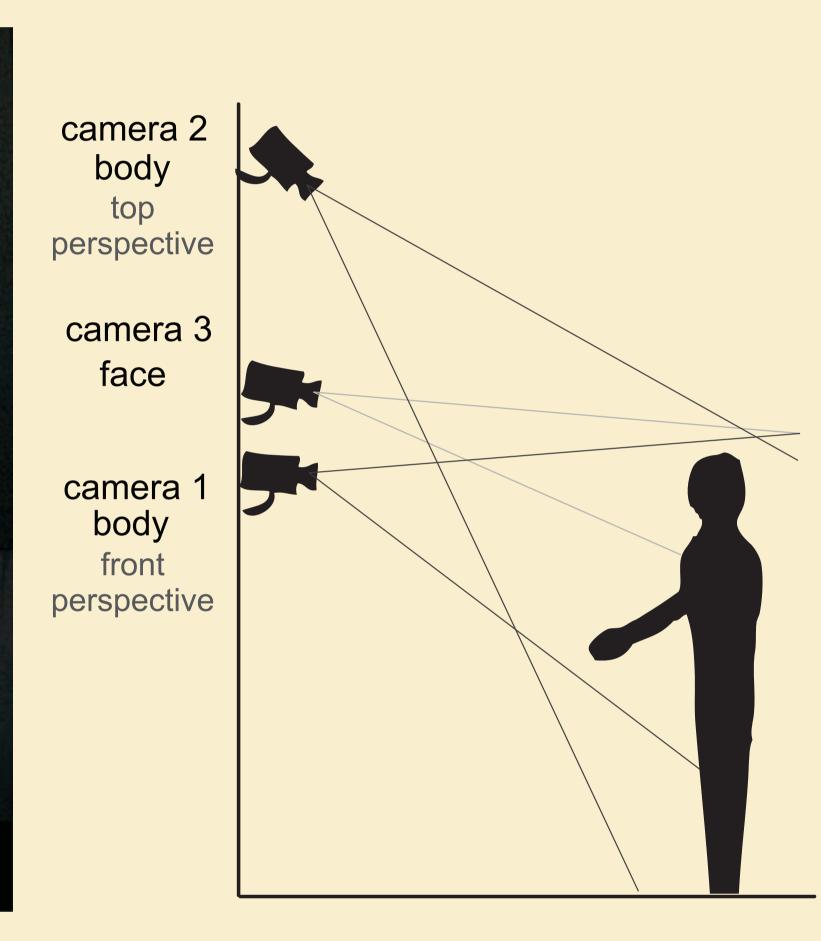
Recording

- synchronization of 3 cameras with clapperboard (max 10 ms time shift between 2 videos)
- ▶ shutter speed 1/500 second to avoid blurring
- dark clothing of signers
- static, uniform illumination
- ▶ 3D calibration for each recording session

Data

- resolution 720x576 px, 50 fps
- ▶ 4 signers x 378 signs x 5 repetitions x 3 views
- ▶ 21853 AVI files (11.1 hours)
- ▶ 18 GB (Xvid compression)
- ▶ additional data available for each AVI file: signer ID, sign name, sign group, calibration data, segmented regions (head, hands based on skin color detection)





Preprocessing

From recording to ready for use UWB-07-SLR-P corpus

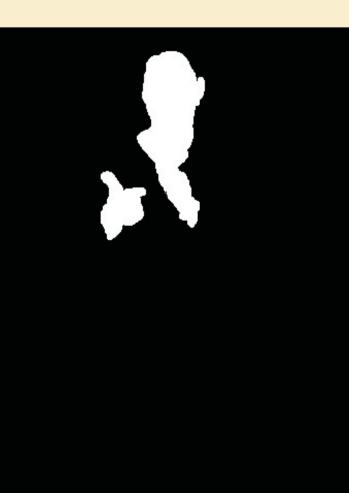
2D

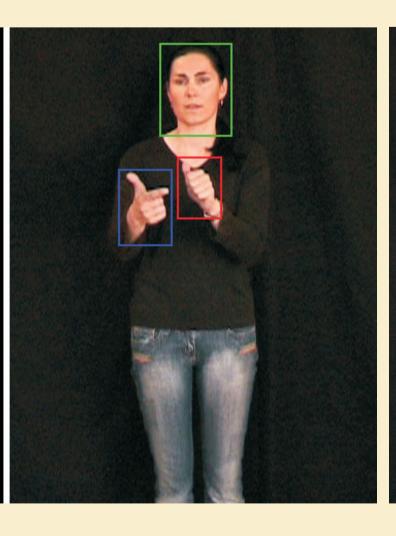
- ▶ 245 GB of raw material
- ► 18 GB of compressed (Xvid), annotated videosequences
- deinterlacing
- hands and head detection using skin color model
- partially resolved occlusions
- ▶ face tracking, mouth tracking

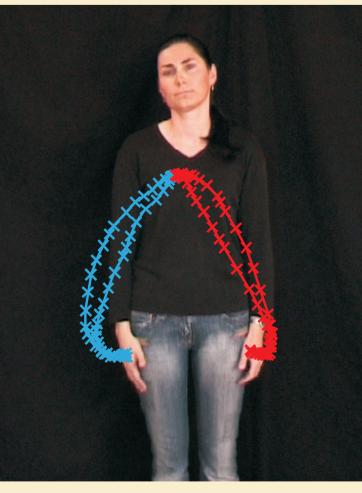
3D trajectories

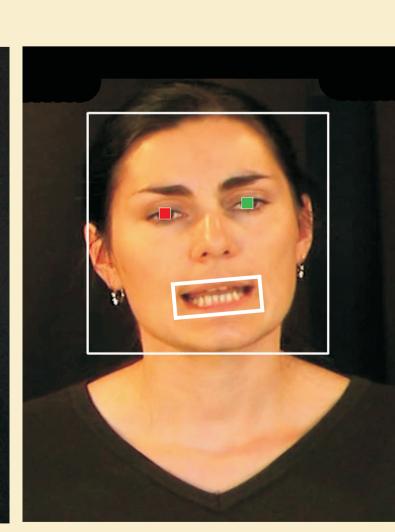
- signer is recorded from 2 views
- ▶ it allows 3D reconstruction of hand trajectories
- projective and fundamental matrices are available
- epipolar lines are used as a constraint for stereo correspondence
- ▶ from two 2D trajectories one 3D trajectory is computed

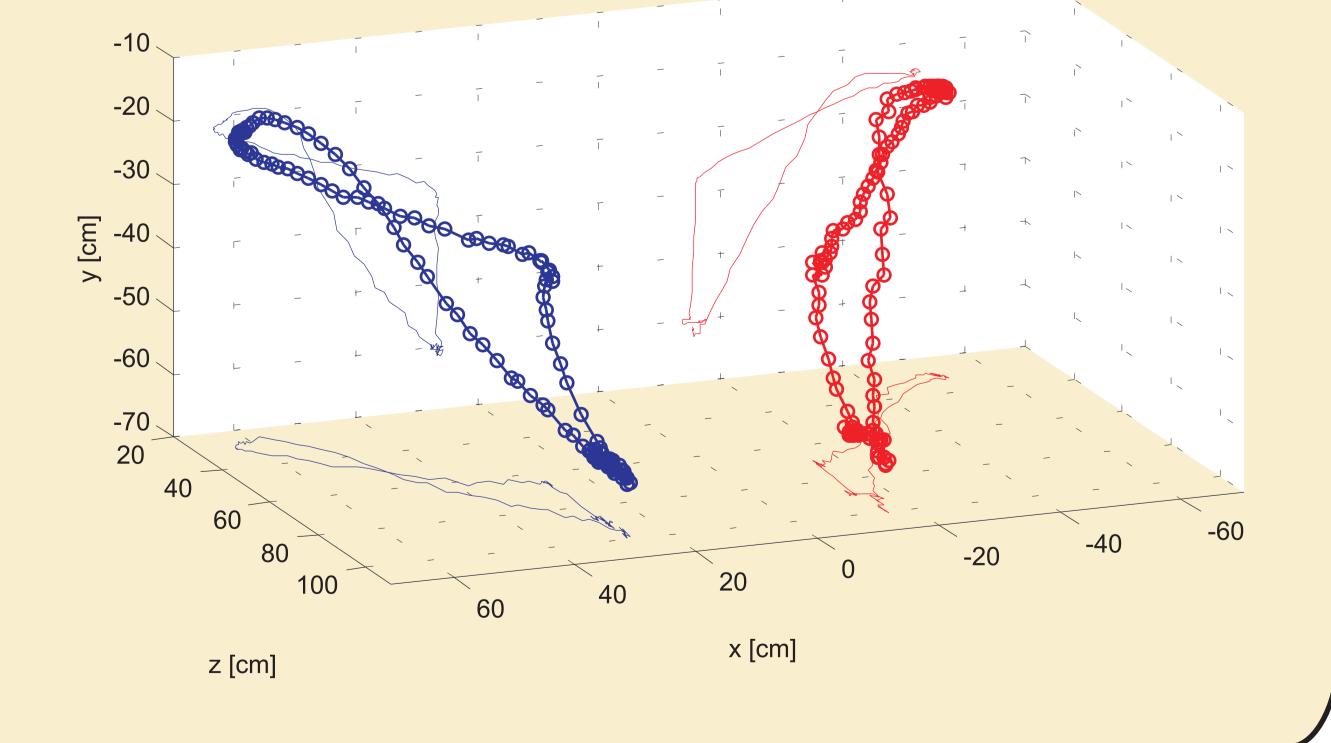








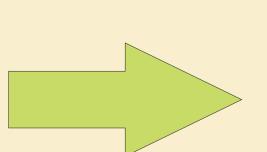




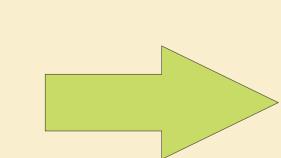
Use and experiments

Possible experiments on the UWB-07-SLR-P corpus

- head and hand detection
- resolving occlusions
- manual features extraction (hand and head trajectories, hand shape)
- non-manual features extraction (face expression, articulation)



- sign clustering
- sign recognition
- automatic sign annotation



- sign language recognition and translation
- sign language tutoring tools
- ▶ information kiosks for the Deaf (railway and bus stations...)